## (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:21:35 ON 12 SEP 2002)

0 S L20 AND ABAD

L23

FILE 'CAPLUS, BIOSIS, EMBASE, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 17:21:47 ON 12 SEP 2002 127903 S TRANSGENIC L110 S L1 AND (AMYLOID BETA PEPTIDE ALCOHOL DEHDROGENASE OR ABAD) L28 DUP REM L2 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L355272 S AMYLOID L423533 S L4 (1A) BETA L528 S L5 AND ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE L6 10 S L6 AND TRANSGENIC L7 7 DUP REM L7 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L8E STERN DAVID/AU E STERN DAVID M/AU 254 S E3-4 L9 8 S L9 AND TRANSGENIC L107 DUP REM L10 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED) L11E YAN SHI DU/AU 116 S E3 L127 S L12 AND TRANSGENIC L135 DUP REM L13 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L14O S AMYLOID BETA PEPTIDE ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE L15 5 S L6 AND (CDNA OR DNA) L16 3 DUP REM L16 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L17 2 S L6 AND CLON? L18 1 DUP REM L18 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED) L19 75 S ERAB L20L21 4 S L20 AND TRANSGENIC 2 DUP REM L21 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED) L22

L	Hits	Search T xt	DB	Time stamp
Numb r				
1	5733	transg nic adj (mice rm us or rod nt\$1 or mammal\$1)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO	2002/09/12 17:00
2	0	(transg nic adj (mic r m use or r d nt\$1 or mammal\$1)) sam (amyloid adj b ta adj peptide adj alcohol adj dehydrogenase or abad)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO	2002/09/12 17:01
3	266	(transgenic adj (mice or mouse or rodent\$1 or mammal\$1)) same (amyloid or app)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO	2002/09/12 17:02
4	13	((transgenic adj (mice or mouse or rodent\$1 or mammal\$1)) same (amyloid or app)) and (alcohol adj dehydrogenase)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO	2002/09/12 17:18
5	138	stern-david\$.in.	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO	2002/09/12 17:18
6	10	stern-david\$.in. and (amyloid or app or app5\$2 or app6\$2 or app7\$2 or alzheimers)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO	2002/09/12 17:19

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L22 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 1998:621308 CAPLUS

DN 129:240883

TI Cloning and cDNA sequence of intracellular amyloid-.beta. binding polypeptide and its uses in diagnosis and treatment of neurodegenerative diseases

IN Stern, David M.; Yan, Shi Du

PA The Trustees of Columbia University In the City of New York, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 83 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

WO 1998-US4915

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

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ΡI	WO	9840484			A1 19980917			WO 1998-US4915					19980312					
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SE																		
	US	6268	479		В	1	2001	0731		US	5 19	97-83	1522	5	1997	0312		
	AU	9867	603		A	1	1998	0929		ΑŪ	J 19	98-67	7603		1998	0312		
	ΕP	9738	93		A	1	2000	0126		El	P 19	98-91	12928	3	1998	0312		
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			IE,	FI														
PRAI	US	1997	-8152	225	A.	2	1997	0312										

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L11 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS DUPLICATE 1

AB Amyloid .beta.-peptide-binding alc. dehydrogenase (ABAD) is a member of the family of short chain dehydrogenase/reductases whose distinctive properties include the capacity to bind amyloid .beta.-peptide and enzymic

activity toward a broad array of substrates including n-isopropanol and .beta.-estradiol. In view of the wide substrate specificity of ABAD and its high activity on L-.beta.-hydroxyacyl-CoA derivs., the authors asked whether it might also catalyze the oxidn. of the ketone body D-3-hydroxybutyrate. This was indeed the case, and oxidn. proceeded with Km of .apprx.4.5 mM and Vmax of .apprx.4 nmol/min/mg protein. When placed

in medium with D-.beta.-hydroxybutyrate as the principal energy substrate,

COS cells stably transfected to overexpress wild-type ABAD (COS/wtABAD) better maintained 3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5-diphenyl tetrazolium bromide redn., cellular energy charge, and morphol. phenotype compared with COS/vector cells. Using a severe model of metabolic perturbation, transgenic mice with targeted neuronal expression of ABAD subjected to transient middle cerebral artery occlusion showed strokes of smaller vol. and lower neurol. deficit scores in parallel with increased brain ATP and decreased lactate, compared with nontransgenic controls. These data suggest that ABAD contributes to the protective response to metabolic stress, esp. in the setting of ischemia.

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for

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 1 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.DUPLICATE

AB In order to discover possible new testicular paracrine factors involved in

the establishment of spermatogenesis, a modified differential display reverse transcription, polymerase chain reaction (DDRT-PCR) procedure was used to detect gene transcripts preferentially expressed in the testes of the azoospermic w/wv mutant mouse. One of the differentially expressed gene products showed partial similarity to members of the short-chain alcohol dehydrogenase family of enzymes. This cDNA fragment was used to obtain the full-length mouse cDNA sequence, which initially showed moderate similarity to a 20beta-steroid dehydrogenase from lower organisms, and later shown to have > 85% similarity to a novel endoplasmicreticulum-associated-binding protein (ERAB) from the human brain, implicated in Alzheimer's disease. A recently cloned bovine sequence also of high similarity suggests that this molecule might also represent an isozyme of 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase. Using the mouse cDNA as probe, northern hybridization showed enrichment of the transcript to the testicular Leydig cells, and showed a specific approximately 20-fold enrichment in the azoospermic mouse testis. The level of the testicular ERAB transcript does not seem to change through puberty, suggesting that a lack of germ cells alone is not responsible

the up-regulation in the w/wv testis. Using the three-dimensional coordinates of the published 20beta-hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase structure

as template, it was additionally possible to construct a molecular model of the novel protein which showed it to have a very similar structure to this enzyme, including the substrate-binding domain.

Amyloid .beta.-peptide-binding alcohol dehydrogenase is a component of TIthe cellular response to nutritional stress Yan, Shi Du; Zhu, Yucui; Stern, Eric D.; Hwang, Yuying C.; Hori, Osamu; ΑU Ogawa, Satoshi; Frosch, Matthew P.; Connolly, E. Sander, Jr.; McTaggert, Ryan; Pinsky, David J.; Clarke, Steven; Stern, David M.; Ramasamy, Ravichandran Department of Pathology, College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia CS University, New York, NY, 10032, USA Journal of Biological Chemistry (2000), 275(35), 27100-27109 SO CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258 American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology PBJournal  $\mathtt{DT}$ English LATHERE ARE 61 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 61 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 5 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. L3 2001:108636 BIOSIS ANPREV200100108636 DNDouble transgenic mice overexpressing ABAD and ΤI mutAPP(V717F, K670M, N671L) show an impairment of hippocampal long-term potentiation. Trillat, A. C. (1); Ma, J.; Yan, S. D.; Hegde, A. N.; Stern, D.; Arancio, ΑU (1) SUNY, Brooklyn, NY USA CS Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2000) Vol. 26, No. 1-2, pp. Abstract SO No.-491.6. print. Meeting Info.: 30th Annual Meeting of the Society of Neuroscience New Orleans, LA, USA November 04-09, 2000 Society for Neuroscience . ISSN: 0190-5295. Conference  $\operatorname{DT}$ English LAEnglish ŞL ANSWER 6 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. L32001:108654 BIOSIS  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{N}$ PREV200100108654 DN Enhanced neuronal stress in double transgenic mice with targeted TIoverexpression of rage and mutant APP. Stern, D. M. (1); Zhu, Y.; Zhu, A.; Du, H.; Schmidt, A.; Yan, S. ΑU (1) Columbia Univ Col Physicians " Surgeons, New York, NY USA CS Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2000) Vol. 26, No. 1-2, pp. Abstract SO No.-491.14. print. Meeting Info.: 30th Annual Meeting of the Society of Neuroscience New Orleans, LA, USA November 04-09, 2000 Society for Neuroscience . ISSN: 0190-5295. Conference DTEnglish LAEnglish  $\operatorname{SL}$ ANSWER 7 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. L32001:97051 BIOSIS ANPREV200100097051 DNEnhanced neuronal stress and cytotoxicity in double transgenic TImice with targeted overexpression of ABAD and mutant amyloid procursor protein. Yan, S. (1); Zhu, Y.; Zhu, H.; Trillat, A.; Arancio, O.; Buttini, M.; ΑU Stern, D. (1) Columbia Univ Col Physicians Surgeons P&&AMPS 11-518, New York, NY CS USA Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2000) Vol. 26, No. 1-2, pp. Abstract SO No.-301.3. print. Meeting Info.: 30th Annual Meeting of the Society of Neuroscience New Orleans, LA, USA November 04-09, 2000 Society for Neuroscience . ISSN: 0190-5295.

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ANSWER 1 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
L3
     2001:574522 BIOSIS
AN
     PREV200100574522
DN
     Amyloid-beta alcohol dehydrogenase (ABAD) decreases seizure
ΤI
     severity and is neuroprotective in kainate and pilocarpine seizure
models.
     McKhann, G. M. (1); Sosunov, A. (1); Zhang, H. P.; Zhu, Y.; Ogawa, S.;
AU
     Ramasamy, R.; Stern, D. M.; Yan, S. D.
     (1) Neurosurgery, Columbia University, New York, NY USA
CS
     Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 2, pp. 2078.
SO
     print.
     Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience San
     Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
     ISSN: 0190-5295.
     Conference
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     English
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     ANSWER 2 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
L3
     2001:574131 BIOSIS
AN
     PREV200100574131
DN
     Amyloid-beta alcohol dehydrogenase prevents dopaminergic
ΤI
neurodegeneration
     in the MPTP-mouse model of Parkinson's disease.
     Tieu, K. (1); Vila, M. (1); Jackson-Lewis, V. (1); Zhang, H. P.; Stern,
ΑU
D.
     M.; Yan, S. D.; Przedborski, S. (1)
     (1) Neurology, Columbia Univ., New York, NY USA
CS
     Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 2, pp. 1991.
SO
     print.
     Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience San
     Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
     ISSN: 0190-5295.
     Conference
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     ANSWER 3 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
L3
     2001:498237 BIOSIS
AN
     PREV200100498237
DN
     Transgenic mice with neuronal overexpression of ABAD
TI
     and mutant APP display impaired synaptic transmission and decreased brain
     ATP.
     Yan, S. (1); Zhang, H. P. (1); Battaglia, F.; Zhu, Y. (1); Stern, D. M.
ΑU
     (1); Ramasamy, R. (1); Arancio, O.
     (1) Dept Pathol, Columbia Univ Col Physicians Surgeons, P and S 11-518,
CS
     New York, NY USA
     Society for Neuroscience Abstracts, (2001) Vol. 27, No. 1, pp. 925.
SO
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     Meeting Info.: 31st Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience San
     Diego, California, USA November 10-15, 2001
     ISSN: 0190-5295.
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     ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L3
     2000:641915 CAPLUS
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     133:309398
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     English
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     ANSWER 8 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
L3
     2000:73122 BIOSIS
AN
     PREV200000073122
DN
     Expression of ABAD has cytoprotective properties in response to
{f T}{f I}
     nutritional and ischemic stress.
     Stern, D. (1); McTaggart, R. A. (1); Zhu, A. (1); Pinsky, D. J. (1);
ΑU
     Connolly, E. S., Jr. (1); Choudhri, T. F. (1); Roher, A.; Clarke, S.;
Yan,
     s. D. (1)
     (1) Columbia University, New York, NY USA
CS
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SO
     Meeting Info.: 29th Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuroscience, Part
1
     Miami Beach, Florida, USA October 23-28, 1999 The Society for
Neuroscience
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